

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2021

LCO No. 8977



Offered by:

REP. MCCARTHY VAHEY, 133rd Dist.

SEN. CASSANO, 4th Dist.

REP. GOUPIL, 35th Dist.

SEN. NEEDLEMAN, 33rd Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6107**

File No. 541

Cal. No. 385

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE REORGANIZATION OF THE ZONING ENABLING ACT AND THE PROMOTION OF MUNICIPAL COMPLIANCE."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Section 8-1a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- 5 (a) "Municipality" as used in this chapter shall include a district
- 6 establishing a zoning commission under section 7-326. Wherever the
- 7 words "town" and "selectmen" appear in this chapter, they shall be
- 8 deemed to include "district" and "officers of such district", respectively.
- 9 (b) As used in this chapter and section 6 of this act:

10 (1) "Accessory apartment" means a separate dwelling unit that (A) is
11 located on the same lot as a principal dwelling unit of greater square
12 footage, (B) has cooking facilities, and (C) complies with or is otherwise
13 exempt from any applicable building code, fire code and health and
14 safety regulations;

- (2) "Affordable accessory apartment" means an accessory apartment
 that is subject to binding recorded deeds which contain covenants or
 restrictions that require such accessory apartment be sold or rented at,
 or below, prices that will preserve the unit as housing for which, for a
 period of not less than ten years, persons and families pay thirty per cent
 or less of income, where such income is less than or equal to eighty per
 cent of the median income;
- 23 (3) "As of right" means able to be approved in accordance with the 23 terms of a zoning regulation or regulations and without requiring that 24 a public hearing be held, a variance, special permit or special exception 25 be granted or some other discretionary zoning action be taken, other 26 than a determination that a site plan is in conformance with applicable 27 zoning regulations;
- 28 (4) "Cottage cluster" means a grouping of at least four detached 29 housing units, or live work units, per acre that are located around a 30 common open area;
- 31 (5) "Middle housing" means duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, cottage 32 clusters and townhouses;
- (6) "Mixed-use development" means a development containing both
 residential and nonresidential uses in any single building; and
- (7) "Townhouse" means a residential building constructed in a
 grouping of three or more attached units, each of which shares at least
 one common wall with an adjacent unit and has exterior walls on at least
 two sides.
- 39 Sec. 2. Section 8-1c of the general statutes is repealed and the

40 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):

(a) Any municipality may, by ordinance, establish a schedule of reasonable fees for the processing of applications by a municipal zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands commission. Such schedule shall supersede any specific fees set forth in the general statutes, or any special act or established by a planning commission under section 8-26.

- (b) A municipality may, by regulation, require any person applying to a municipal zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission, zoning board of appeals or inland wetlands commission for approval of an application to pay the cost of reasonable fees associated with any necessary review by consultants with expertise in land use of any particular technical aspect of such application, such as regarding traffic or stormwater, for the benefit of such commission or board. Any such fees shall be accounted for separately from other funds of such commission or board and shall be used only for expenses associated with the technical review by consultants who are not salaried employees of the municipality or such commission or board. Any amount of the fee remaining after payment of all expenses for such technical review, including any interest accrued, shall be returned to the applicant not later than forty-five days after the completion of the technical review.
- (c) No municipality may adopt a schedule of fees under subsection (a) of this section that results in higher fees for (1) development projects built using the provisions of section 8-30g, as amended by this act, or (2) residential buildings containing four or more dwelling units, than for other residential dwellings, including, but not limited to, higher fees per dwelling unit, per square footage or per unit of construction cost.
- Sec. 3. Subsection (j) of section 8-1bb of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2021):
- 71 (j) A municipality, by vote of its legislative body or, in a municipality

where the legislative body is a town meeting, by vote of the board of selectmen, may opt out of the provisions of this section and the [provision] provisions of subdivision (5) of subsection [(a)] (d) of section 8-2, as amended by this act, regarding authorization for the installation of temporary health care structures, provided the zoning commission or combined planning and zoning commission of the municipality: (1) First holds a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d on such proposed opt-out, (2) affirmatively decides to opt out of the provisions of said sections within the period of time permitted under section 8-7d, (3) states upon its records the reasons for such decision, and (4) publishes notice of such decision in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the municipality not later than fifteen days after such decision has been rendered.

- Sec. 4. Section 8-2 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- (a) (1) The zoning commission of each city, town or borough is authorized to regulate, within the limits of such municipality: [, the] (A) The height, number of stories and size of buildings and other structures; (B) the percentage of the area of the lot that may be occupied; (C) the size of yards, courts and other open spaces; (D) the density of population and the location and use of buildings, structures and land for trade, industry, residence or other purposes, including water-dependent uses, as defined in section 22a-93; [,] and (E) the height, size, location, brightness and illumination of advertising signs and billboards, [. Such bulk regulations may allow for cluster development, as defined in section 8-18] except as provided in subsection (f) of this section.
 - (2) Such zoning commission may divide the municipality into districts of such number, shape and area as may be best suited to carry out the purposes of this chapter; and, within such districts, it may regulate the erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration or use of buildings or structures and the use of land. All [such] zoning regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of buildings, structures or use of

land throughout each district, but the regulations in one district may differ from those in another district. [, and]

- (3) Such zoning regulations may provide that certain classes or kinds of buildings, structures or [uses] <u>use</u> of land are permitted only after obtaining a special permit or special exception from a zoning commission, planning commission, combined planning and zoning commission or zoning board of appeals, whichever commission or board the regulations may, notwithstanding any special act to the contrary, designate, subject to standards set forth in the regulations and to conditions necessary to protect the public health, safety, convenience and property values. [Such regulations shall be]
- 116 (b) Zoning regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this 117 section shall:
- 118 (1) Be made in accordance with a comprehensive plan and in 119 [adopting such regulations the commission shall consider] 120 consideration of the plan of conservation and development [prepared] 121 adopted under section 8-23; [. Such regulations shall be]
 - (2) Be designed to (A) lessen congestion in the streets; [to] (B) secure safety from fire, panic, flood and other dangers; [to] (C) promote health and the general welfare; [to] (D) provide adequate light and air; [to prevent the overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population and to] (E) protect the state's historic, tribal, cultural and environmental resources; (F) facilitate the adequate provision for transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks and other public requirements; [. Such regulations shall be made] (G) consider the impact of permitted land uses on contiguous municipalities and on the planning region, as defined in section 4-124i, in which such municipality is located; (H) address significant disparities in housing needs and access to educational, occupational and other opportunities; (I) promote efficient review of proposals and applications; and (J) affirmatively further the purposes of the federal Fair Housing Act, 42 USC 3601 et seq., as amended from time to time;

137 (3) Be drafted with reasonable consideration as to the [character] 138 physical site characteristics of the district and its peculiar suitability for 139 particular uses and with a view to [conserving the value of buildings and] encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout [such] a 140 141 municipality; [. Such regulations may, to the extent consistent with soil 142 types, terrain, infrastructure capacity and the plan of conservation and 143 development for the community, provide for cluster development, as 144 defined in section 8-18, in residential zones. Such regulations shall also 145 encourage

- (4) Provide for the development of housing opportunities, including opportunities for multifamily dwellings, consistent with soil types, terrain and infrastructure capacity, for all residents of the municipality and the planning region in which the municipality is located, as designated by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management under section 16a-4a; [. Such regulations shall also promote]
- 152 (5) Promote housing choice and economic diversity in housing, 153 including housing for both low and moderate income households; [, and 154 shall encourage]
- 155 (6) Expressly allow the development of housing which will meet the 156 housing needs identified in the state's consolidated plan for housing and 157 community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t and in the 158 housing component and the other components of the state plan of 159 conservation and development prepared pursuant to section 16a-26; [. 160 Zoning regulations shall be]
- 161 (7) Be made with reasonable consideration for [their] the impact of such regulations on agriculture, as defined in subsection (q) of section 1-1; [.]
- 164 (8) Provide that proper provisions be made for soil erosion and sediment control pursuant to section 22a-329;
- 166 (9) Be made with reasonable consideration for the protection of 167 existing and potential public surface and ground drinking water

146

147148

149

150

168 supplies; and

176

182

183

184

185 186

187

188

193

194

195

196

197

198

169 (10) In any municipality that is contiguous to or on a navigable
170 waterway draining to Long Island Sound, (A) be made with reasonable
171 consideration for the restoration and protection of the ecosystem and
172 habitat of Long Island Sound; (B) be designed to reduce hypoxia,
173 pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris on Long Island
174 Sound; and (C) provide that such municipality's zoning commission
175 consider the environmental impact on Long Island Sound coastal

177 (c) Zoning regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may: [be]

resources, as defined in section 22a-93, of any proposal for development.

- 179 (1) To the extent consistent with soil types, terrain and water, sewer 180 and traffic infrastructure capacity for the community, provide for or 181 require cluster development, as defined in section 8-18;
 - (2) Be made with reasonable consideration for the protection of historic factors; [and shall be made with reasonable consideration for the protection of existing and potential public surface and ground drinking water supplies. On and after July 1, 1985, the regulations shall provide that proper provision be made for soil erosion and sediment control pursuant to section 22a-329. Such regulations may also encourage]
- (3) Require or promote (A) energy-efficient patterns of development; [,] (B) the use of <u>distributed generation or freestanding solar, wind</u> and other renewable forms of energy; [,] (C) combined heat and power; and (D) energy conservation; [. The regulations may also provide]
 - (4) Provide for incentives for developers who use [passive solar energy techniques, as defined in subsection (b) of section 8-25, in planning a residential subdivision development. The incentives may include, but not be] (A) solar and other renewable forms of energy; (B) combined heat and power; (C) water conservation, including demand offsets; and (D) energy conservation techniques, including, but not

limited to, cluster development, higher density development and performance standards for roads, sidewalks and underground facilities in the subdivision; [. Such regulations may provide]

- 202 (5) Provide for a municipal system for the creation of development 203 rights and the permanent transfer of such development rights, which 204 may include a system for the variance of density limits in connection 205 with any such transfer; [. Such regulations may also provide]
- (6) Provide for notice requirements in addition to those required by
 this chapter; [. Such regulations may provide]
- 208 (7) Provide for conditions on operations to collect spring water or 209 well water, as defined in section 21a-150, including the time, place and 210 manner of such operations; [. No such regulations shall prohibit]
- 211 <u>(8) Provide for floating zones, overlay zones and planned</u> 212 <u>development districts;</u>
 - (9) Require estimates of vehicle miles traveled and vehicle trips generated in lieu of, or in addition to, level of service traffic calculations to assess (A) the anticipated traffic impact of proposed developments; and (B) potential mitigation strategies such as reducing the amount of required parking for a development or requiring public sidewalks, crosswalks, bicycle paths, bicycle racks or bus shelters, including offsite; and
- 220 (10) In any municipality where a traprock ridge or an amphibolite 221 ridge is located, (A) provide for development restrictions in ridgeline 222 setback areas; and (B) restrict quarrying and clear cutting, except that 223 the following operations and uses shall be permitted in ridgeline setback 224 areas, as of right: (i) Emergency work necessary to protect life and 225 property; (ii) any nonconforming uses that were in existence and that 226 were approved on or before the effective date of regulations adopted 227 pursuant to this section; and (iii) selective timbering, grazing of 228 domesticated animals and passive recreation.

213

214215

216

217

218

229 <u>(d) Zoning regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this</u> 230 section shall not:

231 (1) Prohibit the operation of any family child care home or group 232 child care home in a residential zone; [. No such regulations shall 233 prohibit]

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

- (2) (A) Prohibit the use of receptacles for the storage of items designated for recycling in accordance with section 22a-241b or require that such receptacles comply with provisions for bulk or lot area, or similar provisions, except provisions for side yards, rear yards and front yards; [. No such regulations shall] or (B) unreasonably restrict access to or the size of such receptacles for businesses, given the nature of the business and the volume of items designated for recycling in accordance with section 22a-241b, that such business produces in its normal course of business, provided nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit such regulations from requiring the screening or buffering of such receptacles for aesthetic reasons; [. Such regulations shall not impose]
- (3) Impose conditions and requirements on manufactured homes, including mobile manufactured homes, having as their narrowest dimension twenty-two feet or more and built in accordance with federal manufactured home construction and safety standards or on lots containing such manufactured homes, [which] including mobile manufactured home parks, if those conditions and requirements are substantially different from conditions and requirements imposed on (A) single-family dwellings; [and] (B) lots containing single-family dwellings; [. Such regulations shall not impose conditions and requirements on developments to be occupied by manufactured homes having as their narrowest dimension twenty-two feet or more and built in accordance with federal manufactured home construction and safety standards which are substantially different from conditions and requirements imposed on or (C) multifamily dwellings, lots containing multifamily dwellings, cluster developments or planned unit developments; [. Such regulations shall not prohibit]

(4) (A) Prohibit the continuance of any nonconforming use, building or structure existing at the time of the adoption of such regulations; [or] (B) require a special permit or special exception for any such continuance; [. Such regulations shall not] (C) provide for the termination of any nonconforming use solely as a result of nonuse for a specified period of time without regard to the intent of the property owner to maintain that use; [. Such regulations shall not] or (D) terminate or deem abandoned a nonconforming use, building or structure unless the property owner of such use, building or structure voluntarily discontinues such use, building or structure and such discontinuance is accompanied by an intent to not reestablish such use, building or structure. The demolition or deconstruction of a nonconforming use, building or structure shall not by itself be evidence of such property owner's intent to not reestablish such use, building or structure; [. Unless such town opts out, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (j) of section 8-1bb, such regulations shall not prohibit]

- (5) Prohibit the installation, in accordance with the provisions of section 8-1bb, as amended by this act, of temporary health care structures for use by mentally or physically impaired persons [in accordance with the provisions of section 8-1bb] if such structures comply with the provisions of said section, [.] unless the municipality opts out in accordance with the provisions of subsection (j) of said section;
- (6) Prohibit the operation in a residential zone of any cottage food
 operation, as defined in section 21a-62b;
- 288 (7) Establish for any dwelling unit a minimum floor area that is 289 greater than the minimum floor area set forth in the applicable building, 290 housing or other code;
- 291 (8) Place a fixed numerical or percentage cap on the number of 292 dwelling units that constitute multifamily housing over four units, 293 middle housing or mixed-use development that may be permitted in the

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

294 municipality;

(9) Require more than one parking space for each studio or onebedroom dwelling unit or more than two parking spaces for each dwelling unit with two or more bedrooms, unless the municipality opts out in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this act; or

- (10) Be applied to deny any land use application, including for any site plan approval, special permit, special exception or other zoning approval, on the basis of (A) a district's character, unless such character is expressly articulated in such regulations by clear and explicit physical standards for site work and structures, or (B) the immutable characteristics, source of income or income level of any applicant or end user, other than age or disability whenever age-restricted or disability-restricted housing may be permitted.
- (e) Any city, town or borough which adopts the provisions of this chapter may, by vote of its legislative body, exempt municipal property from the regulations prescribed by the zoning commission of such city, town or borough, [;] but unless it is so voted, municipal property shall be subject to such regulations.
 - [(b) In any municipality that is contiguous to Long Island Sound the regulations adopted under this section shall be made with reasonable consideration for restoration and protection of the ecosystem and habitat of Long Island Sound and shall be designed to reduce hypoxia, pathogens, toxic contaminants and floatable debris in Long Island Sound. Such regulations shall provide that the commission consider the environmental impact on Long Island Sound of any proposal for development.
 - (c) In any municipality where a traprock ridge, as defined in section 8-1aa, or an amphibolite ridge, as defined in section 8-1aa, is located the regulations may provide for development restrictions in ridgeline setback areas, as defined in said section. The regulations may restrict quarrying and clear cutting, except that the following operations and uses shall be permitted in ridgeline setback areas, as of right: (1)

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

333334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352 353

354

355

356

357

358

Emergency work necessary to protect life and property; (2) any nonconforming uses that were in existence and that were approved on or before the effective date of regulations adopted under this section; and (3) selective timbering, grazing of domesticated animals and passive recreation.]

[(d)] (f) Any advertising sign or billboard that is not equipped with the ability to calibrate brightness or illumination shall be exempt from any municipal ordinance or regulation regulating such brightness or illumination that is adopted by a city, town or borough, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, after the date of installation of such advertising sign or billboard. [pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.]

Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2021) The zoning commission or combined planning and zoning commission, as applicable, of a municipality, by a two-thirds vote, may initiate the process by which such municipality opts out of the provision of subdivision (9) of subsection (d) of section 8-2 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, regarding limitations on parking spaces for dwelling units, provided such commission: (1) First holds a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d of the general statutes on such proposed opt-out, (2) affirmatively decides to opt out of the provision of said subsection within the period of time permitted under section 8-7d of the general statutes, (3) states upon its records the reasons for such decision, and (4) publishes notice of such decision in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the municipality not later than fifteen days after such decision has been rendered. Thereafter, the municipality's legislative body or, in a municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, its board of selectmen, by a twothirds vote, may complete the process by which such municipality opts out of the provision of subsection (d) of section 8-2 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2022*) (a) Any zoning regulations adopted pursuant to section 8-2 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall:

(1) Designate locations or zoning districts within the municipality in which accessory apartments are allowed, provided at least one accessory apartment shall be allowed as of right on each lot that contains a single-family dwelling and no such accessory apartment shall be required to be an affordable accessory apartment;

- (2) Allow accessory apartments to be attached to or located within the proposed or existing principal dwelling, or detached from the proposed or existing principal dwelling and located on the same lot as such dwelling;
- 368 (3) Set a maximum net floor area for an accessory apartment of not 369 less than thirty per cent of the net floor area of the principal dwelling, or 370 one thousand square feet, whichever is less, except that such regulations 371 may allow a larger net floor area for such apartments;
 - (4) Require setbacks, lot size and building frontage less than or equal to that which is required for the principal dwelling, and require lot coverage greater than or equal to that which is required for the principal dwelling;
 - (5) Provide for height, landscaping and architectural design standards that do not exceed any such standards as they are applied to single-family dwellings in the municipality;
 - (6) Be prohibited from requiring (A) a passageway between any such accessory apartment and any such principal dwelling, (B) an exterior door for any such accessory apartment, except as required by the applicable building or fire code, (C) any more than one parking space for any such accessory apartment, or fees in lieu of parking otherwise allowed by section 8-2c of the general statutes, (D) a familial, marital or employment relationship between occupants of the principal dwelling and accessory apartment, (E) a minimum age for occupants of the accessory apartment, (F) separate billing of utilities otherwise connected to, or used by, the principal dwelling unit, or (G) periodic renewals for permits for such accessory apartments; and

(7) Be interpreted and enforced such that nothing in this section shall be in derogation of (A) applicable building code requirements, (B) the ability of a municipality to prohibit or limit the use of accessory apartments for short-term rentals or vacation stays, or (C) other requirements where a well or private sewerage system is being used, provided approval for any such accessory apartment shall not be unreasonably withheld.

- (b) The as of right permit application and review process for approval of accessory apartments shall require that a decision on any such application be rendered not later than sixty-five days after receipt of such application by the applicable zoning commission, except that an applicant may consent to one or more extensions of not more than an additional sixty-five days or may withdraw such application.
- (c) A municipality shall not (1) condition the approval of an accessory apartment on the correction of a nonconforming use, structure or lot, or (2) require the installation of fire sprinklers in an accessory apartment if such sprinklers are not required for the principal dwelling located on the same lot or otherwise required by the fire code.
- (d) A municipality, special district, sewer or water authority shall not (1) consider an accessory apartment to be a new residential use for the purposes of calculating connection fees or capacity charges for utilities, including water and sewer service, unless such accessory apartment was constructed with a new single-family dwelling on the same lot, or (2) require the installation of a new or separate utility connection directly to an accessory apartment or impose a related connection fee or capacity charge.
- (e) If a municipality fails to adopt new regulations or amend existing regulations by January 1, 2023, for the purpose of complying with the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section, and unless such municipality opts out of the provisions of said subsections in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, any noncompliant existing regulation shall become null and void and such

municipality shall approve or deny applications for accessory apartments in accordance with the requirements for regulations set forth in the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section until such municipality adopts or amends a regulation in compliance with said subsections. A municipality may not use or impose additional standards beyond those set forth in subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section.

- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section, the zoning commission or combined planning and zoning commission, as applicable, of a municipality, by a two-thirds vote, may initiate the process by which such municipality opts out of the provisions of said subsections regarding allowance of accessory apartments, provided such commission: (1) First holds a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d of the general statutes on such proposed opt-out, (2) affirmatively decides to opt out of the provisions of said subsections within the period of time permitted under section 8-7d of the general statutes, (3) states upon its records the reasons for such decision, and (4) publishes notice of such decision in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the municipality not later than fifteen days after such decision has been rendered. Thereafter, the municipality's legislative body or, in a municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, its board of selectmen, by a twothirds vote, may complete the process by which such municipality opts out of the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section, except that, on and after January 1, 2023, no municipality may opt out of the provisions of said subsections.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (k) of section 8-30g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 450 1, 2021):
 - (k) The affordable housing appeals procedure established under this section shall not be available if the real property which is the subject of the application is located in a municipality in which at least ten per cent of all dwelling units in the municipality are (1) assisted housing, (2)

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

440

441

442

443

444

445

446

447

451 452

453

currently financed by Connecticut Housing Finance Authority mortgages, (3) subject to binding recorded deeds containing covenants or restrictions which require that such dwelling units be sold or rented at, or below, prices which will preserve the units as housing for which persons and families pay thirty per cent or less of income, where such income is less than or equal to eighty per cent of the median income, (4) mobile manufactured homes located in mobile manufactured home parks or legally approved accessory apartments, which homes or apartments are subject to binding recorded deeds containing covenants or restrictions which require that such dwelling units be sold or rented at, or below, prices which will preserve the units as housing for which, for a period of not less than ten years, persons and families pay thirty per cent or less of income, where such income is less than or equal to eighty per cent of the median income, or (5) mobile manufactured homes located in resident-owned mobile manufactured home parks. For the purposes of calculating the total number of dwelling units in a municipality, accessory apartments built or permitted after January 1, 2022, but that are not described in subdivision (4) of this subsection, shall not be counted toward such total number. The municipalities meeting the criteria set forth in this subsection shall be listed in the report submitted under section 8-37qqq. As used in this subsection, "accessory apartment" [means a separate living unit that (A) is attached to the main living unit of a house, which house has the external appearance of a single-family residence, (B) has a full kitchen, (C) has a square footage that is not more than thirty per cent of the total square footage of the house, (D) has an internal doorway connecting to the main living unit of the house, (E) is not billed separately from such main living unit for utilities, and (F) complies with the building code and health and safety regulations] has the same meaning as provided in section 8-1a, as amended by this act, and "resident-owned mobile manufactured home park" means a mobile manufactured home park consisting of mobile manufactured homes located on land that is deed restricted, and, at the time of issuance of a loan for the purchase of such land, such loan required seventy-five per cent of the units to be leased to persons with incomes equal to or less than eighty per cent of the

455 456

457

458 459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

467 468

469

470

471

472

473

474

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485 486

487

488

median income, and either [(i)] (A) forty per cent of said seventy-five per cent to be leased to persons with incomes equal to or less than sixty per cent of the median income, or [(ii)] (B) twenty per cent of said seventy-five per cent to be leased to persons with incomes equal to or less than fifty per cent of the median income.

- Sec. 8. Subsection (e) of section 8-3 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- (e) (1) The zoning commission shall provide for the manner in which the zoning regulations shall be enforced, except that any person appointed as a zoning enforcement officer on or after January 1, 2023, shall be certified in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) Beginning January 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, each person appointed as a zoning enforcement officer shall obtain certification from the Connecticut Association of Zoning Enforcement Officials and maintain such certification for the duration of employment as a zoning enforcement officer.
 - Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) On and after January 1, 2023, each member of a municipal planning commission, zoning commission, combined planning and zoning commission and zoning board of appeals shall complete at least four hours of training. Any such member serving on any such commission or board as of January 1, 2023, shall complete such initial training by January 1, 2024, and shall complete any subsequent training every other year thereafter. Any such member not serving on any such commission or board as of January 1, 2023, shall complete such initial training not later than one year after such member's election or appointment to such commission or board and shall complete any subsequent training every other year thereafter. Such training shall include at least one hour concerning affordable and fair housing policies and may also consist of (1) process and procedural matters, including the conduct of effective meetings and public hearings and the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the

general statutes, (2) the interpretation of site plans, surveys, maps and architectural conventions, and (3) the impact of zoning on the environment, agriculture and historic resources.

- (b) Not later than January 1, 2022, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall establish guidelines for such training in collaboration with land use training providers, including, but not limited to, the Connecticut Association of Zoning Enforcement Officials, the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities, the Connecticut Chapter of the American Planning Association, the Land Use Academy at the Center for Land Use Education and Research at The University of Connecticut, the Connecticut Bar Association, regional councils of governments and other nonprofit or educational institutions that provide land use training, except that if the secretary fails to establish such guidelines, such land use training providers may create and administer appropriate training for members of commissions and boards described in subsection (a) of this section, which may be used by such members for the purpose of complying with the provisions of said subsection.
- (c) Not later than March 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, the planning commission, zoning commission, combined planning and zoning commission and zoning board of appeals, as applicable, in each municipality shall submit a statement to such municipality's legislative body or, in a municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, its board of selectmen, affirming compliance with the training requirement established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section by each member of such commission or board required to complete such training in the calendar year ending the preceding December thirty-first.
- Sec. 10. Section 7-245 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- For the purposes of this chapter: (1) "Acquire a sewerage system" means obtain title to all or any part of a sewerage system or any interest therein by purchase, condemnation, grant, gift, lease, rental or

otherwise; (2) "alternative sewage treatment system" means a sewage treatment system serving one or more buildings that utilizes a method of treatment other than a subsurface sewage disposal system and that involves a discharge to the groundwaters of the state; (3) "community sewerage system" means any sewerage system serving two or more residences in separate structures which is not connected to a municipal sewerage system or which is connected to a municipal sewerage system as a distinct and separately managed district or segment of such system, but does not include any sewerage system serving only a principal dwelling unit and an accessory apartment, as defined in section 8-1a, as amended by this act, located on the same lot; (4) "construct a sewerage system" means to acquire land, easements, rights-of-way or any other real or personal property or any interest therein, plan, construct, reconstruct, equip, extend and enlarge all or any part of a sewerage system; (5) "decentralized system" means managed subsurface sewage disposal systems, managed alternative sewage treatment systems or community sewerage systems that discharge sewage flows of less than five thousand gallons per day, are used to collect and treat domestic sewage, and involve a discharge to the groundwaters of the state from areas of a municipality; (6) "decentralized wastewater management district" means areas of a municipality designated by the municipality through a municipal ordinance when an engineering report has determined that the existing subsurface sewage disposal systems may be detrimental to public health or the environment and that decentralized systems are required and such report is approved by the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection with concurring approval by the Commissioner of Public Health, after consultation with the local director of health; (7) "municipality" means any metropolitan district, town, consolidated town and city, consolidated town and borough, city, borough, village, fire and sewer district, sewer district and each municipal organization having authority to levy and collect taxes; (8) "operate a sewerage system" means own, use, equip, reequip, repair, maintain, supervise, manage, operate and perform any act pertinent to the collection, transportation and disposal of sewage; (9) "person" means any person, partnership,

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585

586

587

corporation, limited liability company, association or public agency; (10) "remediation standards" means pollutant limits, performance requirements, design parameters or technical standards for application to existing sewage discharges in a decentralized wastewater management district for the improvement of wastewater treatment to protect public health and the environment; (11) "sewage" means any substance, liquid or solid, which may contaminate or pollute or affect the cleanliness or purity of any water; and (12) "sewerage system" means any device, equipment, appurtenance, facility and method for collecting, transporting, receiving, treating, disposing of or discharging sewage, including, but not limited to, decentralized systems within a decentralized wastewater management district when such district is established by municipal ordinance pursuant to section 7-247.

- Sec. 11. Subsection (b) of section 7-246 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2021):
 - (b) Each municipal water pollution control authority designated in accordance with this section may prepare and periodically update a water pollution control plan for the municipality. Such plan shall designate and delineate the boundary of: (1) Areas served by any municipal sewerage system; (2) areas where municipal sewerage facilities are planned and the schedule of design and construction anticipated or proposed; (3) areas where sewers are to be avoided; (4) areas served by any community sewerage system not owned by a municipality; (5) areas to be served by any proposed community sewerage system not owned by a municipality; and (6) areas to be designated as decentralized wastewater management districts. Such plan may designate and delineate specific allocations of capacity to serve areas that are able to be developed for residential or mixed-use buildings containing four or more dwelling units. Such plan shall also describe the means by which municipal programs are being carried out to avoid community pollution problems and describe any programs wherein the local director of health manages subsurface sewage disposal systems. The authority shall file a copy of the plan and any

589

590

591

592

593

594

595

596

597

598

599

600

601

605

606

607

608

609

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619

620

621

623 periodic updates of such plan with the Commissioner of Energy and

- 624 Environmental Protection and shall manage or ensure the effective
- supervision, management, control, operation and maintenance of any
- 626 community sewerage system or decentralized wastewater management
- 627 district not owned by a municipality.
- Sec. 12. Section 8-30j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) (1) [At] Not later than June 1, 2022, and at least once every five years thereafter, each municipality shall prepare or amend and adopt an affordable housing plan for the municipality and shall submit a copy of such plan to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, who shall post such plan on the Internet web site of said office. Such plan shall specify how the municipality intends to increase the number of affordable housing developments in the municipality.
 - (2) If, at the same time the municipality is required to submit to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management an affordable housing plan pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the municipality is also required to submit to the secretary a plan of conservation and development pursuant to section 8-23, such affordable housing plan may be included as part of such plan of conservation and development. The municipality may, to coincide with its submission to the secretary of a plan of conservation and development, submit to the secretary an affordable housing plan early, provided the municipality's next such submission of an affordable housing plan shall be five years thereafter.
 - (b) The municipality may hold public informational meetings or organize other activities to inform residents about the process of preparing the plan and shall post a copy of any draft plan or amendment to such plan on the Internet web site of the municipality. If the municipality holds a public hearing, such posting shall occur at least thirty-five days prior to the public hearing. [on the adoption, the municipality shall file in the office of the town clerk of such municipality a copy of such draft plan or any amendments to the plan, and if

637

638

639 640

641642

643

644

645

646

647

648

649 650

651

652

653

applicable, post such draft plan on the Internet web site of the municipality.] After adoption of the plan, the municipality shall file the final plan in the office of the town clerk of such municipality and [, if applicable,] post the plan on the Internet web site of the municipality.

- (c) Following adoption, the municipality shall regularly review and maintain such plan. The municipality may adopt such geographical, functional or other amendments to the plan or parts of the plan, in accordance with the provisions of this section, as it deems necessary. If the municipality fails to amend and submit to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management such plan every five years, the chief elected official of the municipality shall submit a letter to the [Commissioner of Housing] secretary that (1) explains why such plan was not amended, and (2) designates a date by which an amended plan shall be submitted.
- Sec. 13. (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established a Commission on Connecticut's Development and Future within the Legislative Department, which shall evaluate policies related to land use, conservation, housing affordability and infrastructure.
 - (b) The commission shall consist of the following members:
 - (1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a member of the General Assembly not described in subdivision (7), (8), (9) or (10) of this subsection and one of whom is a representative of a municipal advocacy organization;
 - (2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the General Assembly not described in subdivision (7), (8), (9) or (10) of this subsection and one of whom has expertise in state or local planning;
- (3) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives, one of whom has expertise in state affordable housing policy and one of whom represents a town with a population of greater than thirty thousand but less than seventy-five thousand;

(4) Two appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, one of whom has expertise in zoning policy and one of whom has expertise in community development policy;

- 688 (5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of 689 Representatives, one of whom has expertise in environmental policy 690 and one of whom is a representative of a municipal advocacy 691 organization;
- (6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, one of whom
 has expertise in homebuilding and one of whom is a representative of
 the Connecticut Association of Councils of Governments;
- (7) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development;
- (8) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment;
- 701 (9) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing 702 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 703 relating to housing;
- (10) The chairpersons and ranking members of the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to transportation;
- 707 (11) Two appointed by the Governor, one of whom is an attorney 708 with expertise in planning and zoning and one of whom has expertise 709 in fair housing;
- 710 (12) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management;
- 711 (13) The Commissioner of Administrative Services, or the 712 commissioner's designee;

23 of 27

713 (14) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, 714 or the commissioner's designee;

- 715 (15) The Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, or 716 the commissioner's designee;
- 717 (16) The Commissioner of Housing, or the commissioner's designee; 718 and
- 719 (17) The Commissioner of Transportation, or the commissioner's 720 designee.

721

726

735

736

737

738

739

- (c) Appointing authorities, in cooperation with one another, shall 722 make a good faith effort to ensure that, to the extent possible, the 723 membership of the commission closely reflects the gender and racial 724 diversity of the state. Members of the commission shall serve without 725 compensation, except for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Any vacancy shall be filled by the 727 appointing authority.
- 728 (d) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president 729 pro tempore of the Senate shall jointly select one of the members of the 730 General Assembly described in subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of 731 this section to serve as one cochairperson of the commission. The 732 Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall serve as the other 733 cochairperson of the commission. Such cochairpersons shall schedule 734 the first meeting of the commission.
 - (e) The commission may accept administrative support and technical and research assistance from outside organizations and employees of the Joint Committee on Legislative Management. The cochairpersons may establish, as needed, working groups consisting of commission members and nonmembers and may designate a chairperson of each such working group.
- 741 (f) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, not 742 later than January 1, 2022, and not later than January 1, 2023, the

commission shall submit a report to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development, environment, housing and transportation and to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, regarding the following:

- (A) Any recommendations for statutory changes concerning the process for developing, adopting and implementing the state plan of conservation and development;
- (B) Any recommendations for (i) statutory changes concerning the process for developing and adopting the state's consolidated plan for housing and community development prepared pursuant to section 8-37t of the general statutes, and (ii) implementation of such plan;
- (C) Any recommendations (i) for guidelines and incentives for compliance with (I) the requirements for affordable housing plans prepared pursuant to section 8-30j of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and (II) subdivisions (4) to (6), inclusive, of subsection (b) of section 8-2 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and (ii) as to how such compliance should be determined, as well as the form and manner in which evidence of such compliance should be demonstrated. Nothing in this subparagraph may be construed as permitting any municipality to delay the preparation or amendment and adoption of an affordable housing plan, and the submission of a copy of such plan to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, beyond the date set forth in subsection (a) of section 8-30j of the general statutes, as amended by this act;
- (D) (i) Existing categories of discharge that constitute (I) alternative on-site sewage treatment systems, as described in section 19a-35a of the general statutes, (II) subsurface community sewerage systems, as described in section 22a-430 of the general statutes, and (III) decentralized systems, as defined in section 7-245 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, (ii) current administrative jurisdiction to issue

775

776

777

778

779

780

781

782

783

784

785

786 787

788

789

790

791

792

793

794

795

796

797

798

799

800 801

802

803

804

805

or deny permits and approvals for such systems, with reference to daily capacities of such systems, and (iii) the potential impacts of increasing the daily capacities of such systems, including changes in administrative jurisdiction over such systems and the timeframe for adoption of regulations to implement any such changes in administrative jurisdiction; and

- (E) (i) Development of model design guidelines for both buildings and context-appropriate streets that municipalities may adopt, in whole or in part, as part of their zoning or subdivision regulations, which guidelines shall (I) identify common architectural and site design features of building types used in urban, suburban and rural communities throughout this state, (II) create a catalogue of common building types, particularly those typically associated with housing, (III) establish reasonable and cost-effective design review standards for approval of common building types, accounting for topography, geology, climate change and infrastructure capacity, (IV) establish procedures for expediting the approval of buildings or streets that satisfy such design review standards, whether for zoning or subdivision regulations, and (V) create a design manual for context-appropriate streets that complement common building types, and (ii) development and implementation by the regional councils of governments of an education and training program for the delivery of such model design guidelines for both buildings and context-appropriate streets.
- (2) If the commission is unable to meet the January 1, 2022, deadline set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection for the submission of the report described in said subdivision, the cochairpersons shall request from the speaker of the House of Representatives and president pro tempore of the Senate an extension of time for such submission and shall submit an interim report.
- (3) The commission shall terminate on the date it submits its final report or January 1, 2023, whichever is later."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
sections.		
Section 1	October 1, 2021	8-1a
Sec. 2	October 1, 2021	8-1c
Sec. 3	October 1, 2021	8-1bb(j)
Sec. 4	October 1, 2021	8-2
Sec. 5	October 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 6	January 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 7	October 1, 2021	8-30g(k)
Sec. 8	October 1, 2021	8-3(e)
Sec. 9	from passage	New section
Sec. 10	October 1, 2021	7-245
Sec. 11	October 1, 2021	7-246(b)
Sec. 12	from passage	8-30j
Sec. 13	from passage	New section